

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Commercial name: Soda ash (sodium carbonate light, dense)
Registration number: 01-2119485498-19

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Profession application: in the food industry, as an food respectively feed additive, it is also used for special purposes in the glass industry (raw material for melting), chemical industry (production of sodium compounds), in the manufacture of detergents and cleaning products, in the paper and pulp industry, in metallurgy (eg. desulfurization of pig iron), in the production of mineral fertilizers, flue gas treatment (removal of acidic compounds) and as a basic inorganic chemicals in other industries

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Producer/importer: **Vodní sklo, a. s.**, Krakovská 1346/15, 110 01 Praha 1 – Nové Město
Address: Dornych 47, 656 16 Brno; U Tonasa 172/2, 403 31 Ústí nad Labem
IČ: 279 21 662
Telephone number: +420 530 530 000 (Brno), +420 475 245 362, +420 475 245 233 (Ústí)
Fax number: +420 530 530 002 (Brno), +420 475 507 164 (Ústí)
Competent person responsible for the SDS: Ing. Andrea Kudrová e-mail: andrea.kudrova@vodnisklo.cz

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Toxikologické informační středisko (Poison center), Na Bojišti 1, 120 00 Praha 2;
Telephone number (24 hours/day) +420 224 919 293; +420 224 915 402

2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Eye Irrit. 2: H319.
The human health and environmental hazards: Causes serious eye irritation.
Full text of the H, P phrases is listed in the section 16 of this safety data sheet.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word:

Warning

Hazard statement(s):

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) (prevention):

P264 – Wash eyes and skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) (response):

P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)


2.3 Other hazards

The substance does not fulfill the criteria for PBT or vPvB substance.
No additional hazards had been determined.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

3.1.1 For substances classified according to the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 is indicated

Chemical name:	Sodium carbonate
Concentration in (%):	> 99 %
Hazard pictogram:	
Signal word:	Warning
Code of hazard class and hazard category:	Eye Irrit. 2
Hazard statement(s):	H319
Precautionary statement(s) according to the CLP regulation:	P264 P280 P305+P351+P338 P337+P313
CAS number:	497-19-8
EC (EINECS) number:	207-838-8
Index number:	011-005-00-2

Full text of the H, P phrases is listed in the section 16 of this safety data sheet.

3.2 Mixtures

Not applicable - it is not a mixture.

4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First aid personnel must take care on their own safety. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, or in case of the occurrence of any symptoms or doubts, consult your health condition with a doctor and provide information from this safety data sheet. Ensure the functioning of the vital functions (artificial respiration, inhalation of oxygen, heart massage). In case of unconsciousness place the affected person into the stabilized position on the side and do not administer any oral products.

Following aspiration/inhalation:

Move affected person to fresh air, keep the person quiet and warm, in case of respiratory failure administer artificial respiration, seek out medical attention.

Following skin contact:

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash affected areas with plenty of water.

Following eye contact:

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Rinse eyes with pure fresh running water stream for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart and seek out medical attention. Continue rinsing during the affected person transport.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water, drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting! Seek out medical attention.

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation in the nose, throat, respiratory tract, skin, eyes, cough, a sore throat danger, bleeding from the nose, redness and watery of eyes, tissue swelling, nausea, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea. Sodium carbonate is not acutely toxic via the oral, dermal or inhalation route.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Follow the advice listed in section 4.1.

5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, foam. The product is not combustible. The type of extinguishing agent to adapt the surrounding area.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not applicable.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

By the effects of higher temperatures during thermal decomposition may release hazardous carbon oxides.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighters equip with breathing apparatus, adequate to environmental conditions, independent of the surrounding atmosphere and light protective clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Avoid direct contact with the leaking substance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin and dust formation, do not breathe dust. Follow the instruction in section 8. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, a container with pure water for washing out eyes should be placed in the workplace.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 6.1.1.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent a penetration into soil, drainage, surface waters or groundwater.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 Advices how to contain a spilled substance or mixture

Prevent a leakage; place the damaged packaging in the emergency containers. In case of a bigger amount of leakage, to create barriers, cover drains.

6.3.2 Advices how to clean-up a spilled substance or mixture

Sweep up the leaked substance carefully (without creating dust) or preferably to suck and collect in suitable labelled containers. Rinse the contaminated area with a bigger amount of water. Neutralize the substance by acid. Ensure a disposal in accordance with the waste legislation as stated in section 13.

6.3.3 Any other information relating to spills and releases

Not applicable.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Personal protective means are listed in section 8 Disposal instructions are listed in section 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Follow working instructions. Read the label (etiquette) before using. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing and dust formation, do not breathe dust. Wash hands and face thoroughly after the work. Beware of smoking, eating and drinking at the place of usage and storage of material. Prevent spills and penetration into drains. Employees shall wear protective working clothing, shoes, gloves, respirator.

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in well-closed original containers, alkali-resistant (plastic, steel), in a dry and well-ventilated rooms, protect against humidity. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not store together with food, beverages and feed. Time period of workability is 2 years in case of compliance with storage and transport conditions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Is listed in section 1.2.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit (OEL), 8 h TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust of sodium carbonate

DNEL: workers: Long-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 10 mg/m³

general population: Acute / short-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 10 mg/m³

Occupational exposure limits in the working environment

Czech Republic (Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll., as amended by valid act): **Permissible exposure limit (PEL) = 5 mg/m³, The maximum permissible concentration (NPK-P) = 10 mg/m³.**

European Union (Directive No. 2006/15/EC and No. 2009/161/EU): not determined.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Work in a well-ventilated room. Follow the usual measures of health protection while working with chemical substances and mixtures, especially avoid ingestion and contact with the respiratory organs, eyes and skin. I.e. do not eat, drink and smoke while working. Wash your hands with warm water and soap before and after working. Treat your skin with appropriate protection creams. Personal protective equipment is recommended.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

a) Eye/face protection – safety goggles or face-shield

b) Skin protection

– Hand protection – protective rubber or neoprene gloves,

– Other – protective working clothing, protective shoes,

c) Respiratory protection – respirator capturing dust,

d) Thermal hazards – not applicable (substance does not represent thermal hazard).

The manufacturer's instructions for using of personal protective equipment must be fulfilled.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Not applicable. The rinsing water proceed in accordance with the valid legislation for the air and water protection.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) appearance	a white very fine powder
b) odour	odourless
c) odour threshold	not determined
d) pH	11,16 (4 g/l, 25°C), 11,26 (10 g/l, 25°C)
e) melting point/freezing point	851°C/ not determined
f) initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
g) flash point	not determined
h) evaporation rate	not determined
i) flammability (solid, gas)	not flammable (liquid)
j) upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined
k) vapour pressure	not determined

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

l) vapour density	not determined
m) relative density	2 533 kg/m ³ , bulk density light 500–650 kg/m ³ , dense 1 100–1 200 kg/m ³
n) solubility(ies)	in water: 214 g/l (20°C), insoluble in fats
o) partition coefficient n-octanol/water	not determined
p) auto-ignition temperature	not determined
q) decomposition temperature	> 400°C
r) viscosity	not determined
s) explosive properties	not determined
t) oxidising properties	not determined

9.2 Other information

Not determined.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Beware of following conditions: In case of compliance with storage requirements the substance is stable. While working is necessary to follow the standards of safety and health protection at work.

Beware of following materials: strong acids – releases carbon dioxide; powdered aluminum, alkaline earth metals in the powder form, organic nitro compounds, lime, non-ferrous metals (aluminum, zinc, tin) and their alloys - corrosion (in the presence of water or moisture), fluorine, molten lithium.

10.2 Chemical stability

In case of compliance with standard storage and handling conditions to a temperature of 400°C the substance is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

It must not come into contact with strong acids – releases carbon dioxide; powdered aluminum, alkaline earth metals in the powder form, organic nitro compounds, lime, non-ferrous metals (aluminum, zinc, tin) and their alloys – corrosion, fluorine, molten lithium.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Do not expose the substance to influence of humidity and temperatures above 400°C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

It must not come into contact strong acids – releases carbon dioxide; powdered aluminum, alkaline earth metals in the powder form, organic nitro compounds, lime, non-ferrous metals (aluminum, zinc, tin) and their alloys - corrosion, fluorine, molten lithium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Danger of releasing of toxic carbon oxides (CO and CO₂) and sodium oxides during the fire and thermal decomposition. Carbon dioxide displaces oxygen from the air in closed spaces.

11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Substances (sodium carbonate)

- acute toxicity – LD₅₀, oral, rat: 2 800 mg/kg, LC₅₀ (2h), inhalation, rat: 2 300 mg/m³ of air, LD₅₀, dermal, rabbit: > 2 000 mg/kg;
- skin corrosion/irritation – undetected;
- serious eye damage/irritation – acute eye irritation;
- respiratory or skin sensitisation – undetected;
- germ cell mutagenicity – undetected;

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

- f) carcinogenicity – undetected;
- g) reproductive toxicity – undetected;
- h) STOT - single exposure – undetected;
- i) STOT - repeated exposure – undetected;
- j) aspiration hazard – undetected.

11.1.2 Mixtures

- a) acute toxicity – it is not a mixture;
- b) irritation – it is not a mixture;
- c) corrosivity – it is not a mixture;
- d) sensitisation – it is not a mixture;
- e) repeated dose toxicity – it is not a mixture;
- f) carcinogenicity – it is not a mixture;
- g) mutagenicity – it is not a mixture;
- h) toxicity for reproduction – it is not a mixture.

11.1.3 Undetected.

11.1.4 Sodium carbonate causes serious eye irritation.

11.1.5 Undetected.

11.1.6 The substance is classified as an eye irritant.

11.1.7 Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin/eye exposure, aspiration, ingestion (by swallowing) – for effects see section 11.1.4.

11.1.8 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

For effects see section 11.1.4.

11.1.9 Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

For effects see section 11.1.4 – serious eye irritation.

11.1.10 Interactive effects

Undetected.

11.1.11 Absence of specific data

If some of the information are not listed in section 11, they were not available.

11.1.12 Mixture versus substance information

Undetected.

11.1.13 Other information

Not applicable.

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Ecotoxicity	
LC ₅₀ (96 h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) for freshwater fishes:	300 mg/l
EC ₅₀ (48 h, <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>) for freshwater invertebrates:	200 – 227 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable to the inorganic substances - cannot be removed from the water by biological cleaning processes. CHSK and BSK not determined. Decomposition products: carbonic acid / bicarbonate.

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

For inorganic substances is irrelevant.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not determined.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Sodium carbonate is not classified as a PBT or vPvB substance.

12.6 Other adverse effects

According to the Water Act No. 254/2001 Coll., as amended by valid act, the product is considered a defective substance. The alkalinity of the substance will have a local impact on the ecosystems sensitive to the pH changes.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose the material by sweeping in accordance with valid legislation related to waste.

Recommended classification according to the catalogue: 16 05 07 (discarded inorganic chemicals, which are or contain hazardous substances).

Recommended disposal methods for a contaminated packaging:

When disposal the valid legislation for the hazardous waste treatment according to the categorization and the Waste Catalogue shall be followed.

Waste code:

15 01 10 – for packaging containing residues of hazardous substances or packaging contaminated by such substances,

15 02 02 – for absorbents, filtration materials, cleaning fabrics and protective clothing contaminated by hazardous substances.

15 01 02 - plastic packaging category "O" (PE bags)

Measures for the exposure control for the waste treatment:

Disposal of the substance and packaging should be proceed in accordance with valid legislation for personal, atmosphere and water precaution. The used packing is only meant for packing this product; it should not be reused for other purposes. After usage, empty the packing completely.

The legislation on the waste:

Czech Republic

Act No. 185/2001 Coll., on waste and amending some other Acts, as amended by valid act.

Decree of the Ministry of Environment No. 381/2001 Coll., which determines the Waste Catalogue, as amended by valid act.

European Union

Directive No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (Text with EEA relevance).

Council Directive No. 91/689/EEC of 12 December 1991 on hazardous waste as amended by Directives No. 94/31/EC of 27 June 1994 and No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 and Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN number

It is not. Sodium carbonate is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.2 UN proper shipping name

It is not. Sodium carbonate is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

It is not. Sodium carbonate is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.4 Packing group

It is not. Sodium carbonate is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.5 Environmental hazards

None. Sodium carbonate is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not determined.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Czech Republic

Act No. 258/2000 Coll., on the protection of public health and amending some related Acts, as amended by valid act.

Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll., which stipulates the conditions of health protection at work, as amended by valid act.

Act No. 350/2011 Coll., on the chemical substances and chemical mixtures and amending some Acts (chemical Act), as amended by valid act.

Act No. 185/2001 Coll., on waste and amending some other Acts, as amended by valid act.

Decree of the Ministry of Environment No. 383/2001 Coll., on details of waste disposal, as amended by valid act.

Act No. 477/2001 Coll., on packaging and amending some related Acts (Act on Packaging), as amended by valid act.

European union

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive No. 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive No. 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives No. 91/155/EEC, No. 93/67/EEC, No. 93/105/EC and No. 2000/21/EC, as amended by valid act.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, as amended by valid act.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives No. 67/548/EEC and No. 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance), as amended by valid act.

Council Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008 of 30 May 2008 laying down test methods pursuant to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Text with EEA relevance), as amended by valid act.

Directive No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (Text with EEA relevance).

Council Directive No. 91/689/EEC of 12 December 1991 on hazardous waste as amended by Directives No. 94/31/EC of 27 June 1994 and No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 and Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006.

Council Directive No. 94/55/EC of 21 November 1994 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States with regard to the transport of dangerous goods by road.

Council Directive No. 96/49/EC of 23 July 1996 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States with regard to the transport of dangerous goods by rail.

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

Council Directive No. 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work.

Council Directive No. 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive No. 89/391/EEC).

Commission Directive No. 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive No. 98/24/EC and amending Directives No. 91/322/EEC and No. 2000/39/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

Commission Directive No. 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive No. 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive No. 2000/39/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

Council Directive No. 96/82/EC of 9 December 1996 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Text with EEA relevance).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment for the substance has been carried out by the supplier.

16. Other information

Statement:

Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Regulations (EC) of the European Parliament and of the Council No. 1907/2006 and No. 1272/2008 and Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010. This product shall be stored, handled and used with good hygiene practices of industry and in accordance with valid legislation. These information does not substitute the quality specification and cannot be considered as a guarantee of the suitability and applicability of this product for a specific application. The mentioned information correspond to a current state of knowledge and experiences and are in accordance with valid legislation. The customer is responsible for compliance with the valid regional legislation.

Sources of data used to compile the safety data sheet:

Safety Data Sheet for Soda ash, safety data sheets of light and dense soda ash supplier

Danger, Warning:

GHS07 warning

Wording of H-phrases, P-phrases:

Hazard statement(s) according to sections 2 and 3:

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) according to sections 2 and 3:

Prevention:

P264 – Wash eyes and skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Irrit. 2: serious eye irritation, hazard category 2

BL Safety Data sheet SDS
DNEL Derived no-effect level
EC₅₀ median effective concentration
LD₅₀ median lethal dose

Safety data sheet

According to the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Date of issue: 1. 12. 1999

Revision Date: 31. 5. 2015

Soda ash (sodium carbonate)

LC ₅₀	median lethal concentration
NPK-P	maximum permissible concentration
OEL	occupational exposure limit
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PEL	permissible exposure limit
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
vPvB	Very persistent, very bioaccumulative

Instructions for training:

Persons who handling the product shall be instructed about the handling hazards and requirements for the health and environment precaution (see the appropriate provisions of the Labour Code).

Access to information:

Each employer shall in accordance with Article 35 of the Regulation (EC) of the European Parliament and of the Council No. 1907/2006 to provide access to the information from the safety data sheet to all personnel who use this product or are exposed to its effects at work, as well as to their representatives.

Revision: 12. 11. 2012 – supplement to section 1. (products names, use, Competent person responsible for the SDS), correction of section 2., 3. and 16 (classification of the substance), supplement to section 8. (OEL, DNEL and PEL), supplement to section 10. (hazardous reactions, decomposition products and incompatible materials and conditions), supplement of section 11. (acute toxicity) and 12. (ecotoxicity) and correction of section 15. (the valid legislation update)

Revision: 31. 5. 2015 – remove the classification according to the Directives No. 67/548/EEC and No. 1999/45/EC

The extent of responsibility:

Responsibilities of safety data sheet recipients (customers, users, distributors, etc.) is to ensure that the information contained therein are well understood by all personnel who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come into contact with the product. Information and instructions given in this safety data sheet are reliable, provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the designated uses listed on the packaging or in the Product Data Sheets. User is responsible for any other application of this product, including the application of this product in combination with any another product or any other processes. Hence the user is responsible for determination of appropriate safety measures and the implementation of legislation covering his own activities. This version of the safety data sheet replaces all previous versions.