

CALTON F

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Commercial name: CALTON F

Registration numbers of the mixture components: 01-2119494219-28-0014 (calcium chloride)

If the components of the mixture are registered, it will be amended in connection with the registration according to the Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council. (cerium trinitrate hexahydrate)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Profession application: as a cooling medium in cooling and freezing equipment of carbon steel or cast iron, exceptionally of non-ferrous metals, respectively their alloys, to the temperature - 40°C, as a heating medium to a temperature 100°C

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Producer/importer: **Vodní sklo, a. s.**, Krakovská 1346/15, 110 01 Praha 1 – Nové Město

Address: Dornych 47, 656 16 Brno; U Tonasa 172/2, 403 31 Ústí nad Labem

IČ 279 21 662

Telephone number: +420 530 530 000 (Brno), +420 475 245 362, +420 475 245 233 (Ústí)

Fax number: +420 530 530 002 (Brno), +420 475 507 164 (Ústí)

Competent person responsible for the SDS: Ing. Andrea Kudrová e-mail: andrea.kudrova@vodnisklo.cz

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Toxikologické informační středisko (Poison center), Na Bojišti 1, 120 00 Praha 2;

Telephone number (24 hours/day) +420 224 919 293; +420 224 915 402

2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:

Eye Irrit.2: H319

The human health and environmental hazards:

The mixture causes serious eye irritation

Full text of the H and P phrases is listed in the section 16 of this safety data sheet.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word :

Warning

Hazard statement(s):

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) (prevention):

P262 – Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 – Wash your eyes and skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 – Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

Precautionary statement(s) (response):

P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists get medical advice.

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2.3 Other hazards



The mixture does not fulfill the criteria for PBT or vPvB substance.
No additional hazards had been determined.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

3.2 Mixtures

3.2.1 For mixtures classified according to the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Chemical name:	Calcium chloride	Sodium dichromate anhydrous
Concentration in (%):	< 30 %	< 0,1%
Hazard pictogram(s):		
Signal word(s):	Warning	Danger
Code of hazard class and hazard category:	Eye Irrit. 2	Ox. Sol. 2: Carc. 1B: Muta. 1B: Repr. 1B: Acute tox. 2 (inhalation) Acute tox. 3 (oral) Acute tox. 4 (dermal) STOT RE 1 Skin Corr. 1B Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1
Hazard statement(s):	H319	H272 H312 H314 H317 H330 H334 H340 H350 H360FD H372 H410

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Precautionary statement(s) according to the CLP regulation:	P262 P264 P280 P305+P351+P338 P337+P313	P201 P220 P260 P271 P280
CAS number:	10043-52-4	10588-01-9
EC (EINECS) number:	233-140-8	234-190-3
Index number:	017-013-00-2	024-004-00-7

Full text of the H and P phrases is listed in the section 16 of this safety data sheet.

4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First aid personnel must take care on their own safety. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, or in case of the occurrence of any symptoms or doubts, consult your health condition with a doctor and provide information from this safety data sheet. Ensure the functioning of the vital functions (artificial respiration, inhalation of oxygen, heart massage). In case of unconsciousness place the affected person into the stabilized position on the side and do not administer any oral products.

Following aspiration/inhalation:

Move affected person to fresh air, keep the person quiet and warm, in case of respiratory failure administer artificial respiration, seek out medical attention.

Following skin contact:

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash affected areas with plenty of water.

Following eye contact:

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Rinse eyes with pure fresh running water stream for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart and seek out medical attention. Continue rinsing during the affected person transport.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water, drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting! Seek out medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not applicable. CALTON F is not acutely toxic via the oral, dermal or inhalation route.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Follow the advice listed in section 4.1.

5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, alcohol resistant foam or CO₂. The product is not combustible. The type of extinguishing agent to adapt the surrounding area.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not applicable.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not breathe combustion products. During the combustion toxic and corrosive fumes of hydrogen chloride and nitrogen oxides can be released.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighters equip with breathing apparatus, adequate to environmental conditions, independent of the surrounding atmosphere and adequate protective clothing. Use protective means against acid gases.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

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Avoid direct contact with the leaking mixture. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Follow the instruction in section 8. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, a container with pure water for washing out eyes should be placed in the workplace.

- 6.1.2 For emergency responders
See section 6.1.1.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent a penetration into soil, drainage, surface waters or groundwater.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- 6.3.1 Advices how to contain a spilled substance or mixture
Prevent a leakage; place the damaged packaging in the emergency containers. In case of a bigger amount of leakage, to create barriers, cover drains.
- 6.3.2 Advices how to clean-up a spilled substance or mixture
The leaked mixture to drain away or fill up by a suitable absorption material (sand, dry soil, sawdust), sweep away and place in suitable labelled containers. Rinse the contaminated area with a bigger amount of water. Ensure a disposal in accordance with the waste legislation as stated in section 13.
- 6.3.3 Any other information relating to spills and releases
Not applicable.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Personal protective means are listed in section 8. Disposal instructions are listed in section 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Follow working instructions. Read the label (etiquette) before using. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands and face thoroughly after the work. Beware of smoking, eating and drinking at the place of usage and storage of material. Prevent spills and penetration into drains. Employees shall wear protective working clothing, shoes, gloves, goggles.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in well-closed original undamaged containers or steel storage tanks, in dry rooms, to 30°C. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not store together with food, beverages and feed. Time period of workability is 1 year in case of compliance with storage and transport conditions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Is listed in section 1.2.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

DNEL:

CaCl₂: workers: Long-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 5 mg/m³
workers: Acute / short-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 10 mg/m³
general population: Long-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 2,5 mg/m³
general population: Acute / short-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 5 mg/m³

Occupational exposure limits in the working environment

Czech Republic (Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll., as amended by valid act): CaCl₂. **Permissible exposure limit (PEL) = 2 mg/m³, The maximum permissible concentration (NPK-P) = 4 mg/m³.**

European Union (Directive No. 2006/15/EC and No. 2009/161/EU): not determined.

8.2 Exposure controls

- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

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Work in a well-ventilated room. Minimize aerosols formation when handling. Follow the usual measures of health protection while working with chemical substances and mixtures, especially avoid ingestion and contact with the respiratory organs, eyes and skin. I.e. do not eat, drink and smoke while working. Wash your hands with warm water and soap before and after working. Treat your skin with appropriate protection creams. Personal protective equipment is recommended.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

- a) Eye/face protection – safety goggles or face-shield
- b) Skin protection
 - Hand protection – protective rubber, nitrile or plastic gloves,
 - Other – protective working clothing, protective shoes,
- c) Respiratory protection – respirator,
- d) Thermal hazards – not applicable (substance does not represent thermal hazard).

The manufacturer's instructions for using of personal protective equipment must be fulfilled.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Proceed in accordance with the valid legislation for the air and water protection. Avoid release into the environment, capture the leakage.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) appearance	clear or slightly turbid, blue to blue-green liquid
b) odour	odourless
c) odour threshold	not determined
d) pH	5,5 – 6,5
e) melting point/freezing point	-52–(-5)°C
f) initial boiling point and boiling range	115–120°C
g) flash point	not determined
h) evaporation rate	not determined
i) flammability (solid, gas)	not flammable (liquid)
j) upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined
k) vapour pressure	not determined
l) vapour density	not determined
m) relative density	1 250 – 1 280 kg/m ³ (at 20°C)
n) solubility(ies)	water diluted, insoluble in fats
o) partition coefficient n-octanol/water	not determined
p) auto-ignition temperature	not determined
q) decomposition temperature	not determined
r) viscosity	not determined
s) explosive properties	not determined
t) oxidising properties	not determined

9.2 Other information

Not determined.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Beware of following conditions: In case of compliance with storage requirements the mixture is stable. While working is necessary to follow the standards of safety and health protection at work.

Beware of following materials: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, metals (zinc, aluminum) – corrosion, boric oxide, bromine trifluoride – a violent exothermic reaction.

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In neutral or slightly alkaline environment is corrosive effect to steel or iron suppressed by the presence of corrosion inhibitor. Effectiveness of corrosion inhibitor decreases with increasing oxygen content, in acidic environment or in the presence of ammonium ions. Even under normal conditions, CALTON F strongly corrodes zinc and aluminum, as well as at alloy steels may occur corrosion cracking

10.2 Chemical stability

In case of compliance with standard storage and handling conditions the mixture is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

It must not come into contact with strong acids, strong oxidising agents, water, boric oxide, bromine trifluoride, zinc – an exothermic reaction. It creates an explosive mixture with furan-2-peroxycarboxylic acid. An exothermic polymerization with methylvinylether. It reacts with aluminium and zinc to generate hydrogen, which creates an explosive mixture with the air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Do not expose the mixture to temperatures above 30°C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

It must not come into contact with strong acids, strong oxidising agents, water, boric oxide, calcium oxide, zinc, bromine trifluoride, furan-2-peroxycarboxylic acid and methylvinylether. It reacts with aluminium and zinc to generate hydrogen, which creates an explosive mixture with the air. CALTON F should not be mixed with other cooling brines (eg based on magnesium chloride).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Danger of releasing of toxic hydrogen chloride, chlorine and nitrogen oxides during the thermal decomposition. Hydrogen during the reaction with metals.

11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Substances (calcium chloride, sodium dichromate)

a) acute toxicity –

CaCl₂: LD₅₀, oral, rat: > 2 301 mg/kg; LD₅₀, dermal, rabbit: > 5 000 mg/kg;

Sodium dichromate: LD₅₀, oral, rat: 50 mg/kg; LD₅₀, dermal, rabbit: 1 000 mg/kg; LD₅₀, inhalation, rat, for aerosols or particles: 0,124 mg/l/4h; ; LD₅₀, inhalation, rat, for gases and fumes: not available;

b) skin corrosion/irritation – CaCl₂: undetected; Sodium dichromate: burns;

c) serious eye damage/irritation – CaCl₂: an acute eye irritation; sodium dichromate: irritation

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation – sodium dichromate - may cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact;

e) germ cell mutagenicity – sodium dichromate – cat. 1B, suspected genetic damage;

f) carcinogenicity – sodium dichromate – may cause cancer;

g) reproductive toxicity – sodium dichromate – cat. 1B, may harm the unborn child, reproductive performance;

h) STOT - single exposure – undetected;

i) STOT - repeated exposure – sodium dichromate - prolonged or repeated exposure Causes damage to organs;

j) aspiration hazard – undetected.

11.1.2 Mixtures

a) acute toxicity – undetected;

b) irritation – acute eye irritation;

c) corrosivity – undetected;

d) sensitisation – undetected;

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- e) repeated dose toxicity – undetected;
- f) carcinogenicity – undetected;
- g) mutagenicity – undetected;
- h) toxicity for reproduction – undetected.

- 11.1.3 The substance is classified as an eye irritant.
- 11.1.4 The mixture contains calcium chloride, which causes serious eye irritation and cerium trinitrate, which is oxidising, as irritating to skin and corrosive to eyes.
- 11.1.5 Undetected.
- 11.1.6 The substance is classified as an eye irritant.
- 11.1.7 Information on likely routes of exposure
Skin/eye exposure, aspiration, ingestion (by swallowing) – for effects see section 11.1.4.
- 11.1.8 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
For effects see section 11.1.4.
- 11.1.9 Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
For effects see section 11.1.4 - serious eye irritation.
- 11.1.10 Interactive effects
Undetected.
- 11.1.11 Absence of specific data
If some of the information are not listed in section 11, they were not available.
- 11.1.12 Mixture versus substance information
Undetected.
- 11.1.13 Other information
Not applicable.

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Ecotoxicity	CaCl ₂
LC ₅₀ (96 h, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>) for freshwater fishes:	4 630 mg/l
LC ₅₀ (96 h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) for freshwater fishes:	9 500 –11 300 mg/l
NOEC (48 h, <i>Daphnia magna</i>) for freshwater invertebrates:	2 000 mg/l
LC ₅₀ (48 h, <i>Daphnia magna</i>) for freshwater invertebrates:	2 400 mg/l
EC ₅₀ (21 d, <i>Daphnia magna</i>) for freshwater invertebrates:	610 mg/l
EC ₅₀ (72 h, <i>Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata</i>) for freshwater algae:	2 900 mg/l

Information about cerium trinitrate ecotoxicity are not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable to the inorganic salts - cannot be removed from the water by biological cleaning processes. CHSK and BSK not determined.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

For inorganic salts is irrelevant.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not determined.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Calcium chloride is not classified as a PBT or vPvB substance.

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12.6 Other adverse effects

Not applicable, it does not cause additional adverse effects.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose the mixture in accordance with valid legislation related to waste. Residues of CALTON F must not be discharged into drains, watercourses or near water sources, as well as rinsing water with their content.

Recommended classification according to the catalogue: 16 05 07 (discarded inorganic chemicals, which are or contain hazardous substances).

Recommended disposal methods for a contaminated packaging:

When disposal the valid legislation for the hazardous waste treatment according to the categorization and the Waste Catalogue shall be followed.

Waste code:

15 01 10 – for packaging containing residues of hazardous substances or packaging contaminated by such substances,

15 02 02 – for absorbents, filtration materials, cleaning fabrics and protective clothing contaminated by hazardous substances

After a thorough rinse of the original content with warm water can be empty packaging removed according to the packaging type under codes 150102 - plastic packaging category "O" (plastic canisters, drums) or 150106 - composite packaging category "O" (the IBC containers).

Measures for the exposure control for the waste treatment:

Disposal of the substance and packaging should be proceed in accordance with valid legislation for personal, atmosphere and water precaution.

The legislation on the waste:

Czech Republic

Act No. 185/2001 Coll., on waste and amending some other Acts, as amended by valid act.

Decree of the Ministry of Environment No. 381/2001 Coll., which determines the Waste Catalogue, as amended by valid act.

European Union

Directive No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (Text with EEA relevance).

Council Directive No. 91/689/EEC of 12 December 1991 on hazardous waste as amended by Directives No. 94/31/EC of 27 June 1994 and No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 and Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN number

It is not. CALTON F is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.2 UN proper shipping name

It is not. CALTON F is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

It is not. CALTON F is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.4 Packing group

It is not. CALTON F is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

14.5 Environmental hazards

None. CALTON F is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (road), RID (rail), IMDG / GGVSea (sea transport)).

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14.6 Special precautions for user

Not determined.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Czech Republic

Act No. 258/2000 Coll., on the protection of public health and amending some related Acts, as amended by valid act.

Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll., which stipulates the conditions of health protection at work, as amended by valid act.

Act No. 350/2011 Coll., on the chemical substances and chemical mixtures and amending some Acts (chemical Act), as amended by valid act.

Act No. 185/2001 Coll., on waste and amending some other Acts, as amended by valid act.

Decree of the Ministry of Environment No. 383/2001 Coll., on details of waste disposal, as amended by valid act.

Act No. 477/2001 Coll., on packaging and amending some related Acts (Act on Packaging), as amended by valid act.

European union

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive No. 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive No. 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives No. 91/155/EEC, No. 93/67/EEC, No. 93/105/EC and No. 2000/21/EC, as amended by valid act.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, as amended by valid act.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives No. 67/548/EEC and No. 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance), as amended by valid act.

Council Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008 of 30 May 2008 laying down test methods pursuant to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Text with EEA relevance), as amended by valid act.

Directive No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (Text with EEA relevance).

Council Directive No. 91/689/EEC of 12 December 1991 on hazardous waste as amended by Directives No. 94/31/EC of 27 June 1994 and No. 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 and Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006.

Council Directive No. 94/55/EC of 21 November 1994 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States with regard to the transport of dangerous goods by road.

Council Directive No. 96/49/EC of 23 July 1996 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States with regard to the transport of dangerous goods by rail.

Council Directive No. 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work.

Council Directive No. 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive No. 89/391/EEC).

Commission Directive No. 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive No. 98/24/EC and amending Directives No. 91/322/EEC and No. 2000/39/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

Commission Directive No. 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive No. 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive No. 2000/39/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

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Council Directive No. 96/82/EC of 9 December 1996 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Text with EEA relevance).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment for the mixture has not been carried out by the producer.

16. Other information

Statement:

Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Regulations (EC) of the European Parliament and of the Council No. 1907/2006 and No. 1272/2008 and Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010. This product shall be stored, handled and used with good hygiene practices of industry and in accordance with valid legislation. These information does not substitute the quality specification and cannot be considered as a guarantee of the suitability and applicability of this product for a specific application. The mentioned information correspond to a current state of knowledge and experiences and are in accordance with valid legislation. The customer is responsible for compliance with the valid regional legislation.

Sources of data used to compile the safety data sheet:

Safety Data Sheet for Calcium chloride liquid, Chemical safety report: Calcium chloride, Koma, s.r.o., SDS of Cerium trinitrate hexahydrate supplier

Danger, Warning:

GHS03 warning

GHS05 danger

GHS07 warning

Wording of H-phrases, P-phrases:

Hazard statement(s) according to sections 2 and 3:

H272 – May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H315 – Causes skin irritation.

H318 – Causes serious eye damage.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) according to sections 2 and 3:

Prevention:

P220 – Keep/Store away from combustible materials.

P262 – Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 – Wash eyes and skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P303+P361+P353 – IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 – Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ox. Sol. 2: oxidising solid, hazard category 2

Eye Dam. 1: serious eye damage, hazard category 1

Skin Irrit. 2: skin irritation, hazard category 2

Eye Irrit.2: eye irritation, hazard category 2

BL Safety Data sheet SDS

DNEL Derived no-effect level

EC₅₀ median effective concentration

LD₅₀ median lethal dose

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LC ₅₀	median lethal concentration
NOEC	no observable effect concentration
NPK-P	maximum permissible concentration
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PEL	permissible exposure limit
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
vPvB	Very persistent, very bioaccumulative

Instructions for training:

Persons who handling the product shall be instructed about the handling hazards and requirements for the health and environment precaution (see the appropriate provisions of the Labour Code).

Access to information:

Each employer shall in accordance with Article 35 of the Regulation (EC) of the European Parliament and of the Council No. 1907/2006 to provide access to the information from the safety data sheet to all personnel who use this product or are exposed to its effects at work, as well as to their representatives.

Revision: 1st issue

Revision: 5. 3. 2013 – change of person responsible for the SDS

Revision: 31. 5. 2015 – change of the classification according to the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

The extent of responsibility:

Responsibilities of safety data sheet recipients (customers, users, distributors, etc.) is to ensure that the information contained therein are well understood by all personnel who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come into contact with the product. Information and instructions given in this safety data sheet are reliable, provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the designated uses listed on the packaging or in the Product Data Sheets. User is responsible for any other application of this product, including the application of this product in combination with any another product or any other processes. Hence the user is responsible for determination of appropriate safety measures and the implementation of legislation covering his own activities. This version of the safety data sheet replaces all previous versions.